

ORDER

Jamal Khan Mandokhail, J. For reasons to be recorded later, we dispose of these appeals, petitions and miscellaneous applications through a short order as under:

1. These matters involve a controversy regarding the allocation of seats reserved for women and non-Muslims. The Sunni Itehad Council ("**SIC**") did not contest the General Elections of the year 2024. SIC, which demands allocation of reserved seats on account of inclusion of independent parliamentarians in it, did not secure a single seat in the National Assembly or any of the Provincial Assemblies nor submitted a list of its candidates for seats reserved for women and non-Muslims. Thus, it is not entitled to any of the reserved seats in the National Assembly and in the Provincial Assemblies. The impugned judgment and the order dated 1 March 2024 of the Election Commission of Pakistan ("**ECP**") to such extent is upheld.
2. Under Article 51(3) of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973 ("**Constitution**"), the total number of seats in the National Assembly shall be 326, out of which 60 seats are reserved for women and 10 seats for non-Muslims. Such right of women and non-Muslims has been guaranteed by the Constitution. They shall be elected in accordance with the law through proportional representation system of political parties' list of candidates on the basis of total number of general seats secured by each political party from the Province concerned in the National Assembly and the Provincial Assemblies, as provided by Article 51(6) (d) and (e) of the Constitution. Therefore, they cannot be deprived of this right of theirs by leaving these seats vacant, and all reserved seats must be filled in, as provided by Article 224(6) of the Constitution.

3. The impugned judgment of the High Court and the said order of the ECP to the extent of the proportional representation distribution of seats amongst the political parties which won and secured seats is also maintained, however, since the ECP calculated and allocated the seats to the parties by the exclusion of the Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf ("**PTI**") candidates, therefore, to such extent, the impugned judgment of the High Court and the order of the ECP are set aside.
4. During the hearing, it transpired that a number of candidates had submitted their nomination papers declaring on Oath that they belonged to PTI supported by an affiliation certificate of the said party, though some did not submit affiliation certificates of PTI, however, since they stated on Oath that they belonged to PTI, and did not contradict themselves, they should be considered to be members of PTI in the National and the Provincial Assemblies. The ECP by misinterpreting the judgment of this Court dated 13 January 2024, which was regarding non-holding intra-party elections in PTI, wrongly mentioned the said candidates of the PTI as independents in Form 33 of the Election Rules. The ECP had no authority to declare validly nominated candidates of a political party to be independent candidates. Similarly, a candidate once declared himself/herself as a candidate of a political party, could not subsequently resile from his/her candidature of a particular party, after the last date of withdrawal of the nomination papers.
5. It is important to mention here that neither the PTI nor any candidate affiliated with PTI approached either this Court before or during the hearing of these proceedings, or the High Court to challenge the decision of the ECP, declaring them as independents. However, in view of the fact that the appeal and

the petition are a continuation of election proceedings before the ECP, we can look into the vires of the decision of the ECP in the light of the provisions of Article 51(1)(d) and (e) of the Constitution read with sections 66, 67 and 104 of the Elections Act, 2017 to safeguard the interest of women and non-Muslims. As a consequence whereof, the candidates who had submitted their nomination papers declaring that they belonged to PTI and had not filed a document showing affiliation with another political party before the last date of withdrawal of the nomination papers, should have been treated as the Parliamentary Party of PTI, but the needful was not done by the ECP. Consequently, the PTI as a Parliamentary Party is entitled to the reserved seats. The ECP should recalculate and reallocate the reserved seats amongst the political parties, including the PTI, as provided by Article 51(6)(d) and (e) of the Constitution.

6. The candidates who had submitted their nomination papers by 24 December 2023, which was the last date of submission of nomination papers, and had declared themselves either as independent candidates or had left blank the relevant column in the nomination papers/declaration and were elected shall be considered to be independents. SIC is a registered political party and every independent member of the National Assembly and of the Provincial Assemblies has a right to join it. All those who joined the SIC are presumed to have done so out of their own free will. None of them claimed to have joined SIC because of any misunderstanding of any judgment, the law, compulsion, coercion or undue influence and it is not for this Court to presume otherwise.
7. We must ensure that words are not read into the Constitution nor to ascribe artificial meaning to commonly understood words. We must also abide by validly enacted laws and must

not do anything either to hinder or facilitate a political party by ignoring the laws mandate.

Chief Justice

Judge

Announced in open Court on_____ at Islamabad

Judge

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN
(Appellate Jurisdiction)

Present:

Justice Qazi Faez Isa, CJ
Justice Syed Mansoor Ali Shah
Justice Munib Akhtar
Justice Yahya Afridi
Justice Amin-ud-Din Khan
Justice Jamal Khan Mandokhail
Justice Muhammad Ali Mazhar
Justice Ayesha A. Malik
Justice Athar Minallah
Justice Syed Hasan Azhar Rizvi
Justice Shahid Waheed
Justice Irfan Saadat Khan
Justice Naeem Akhtar Afghan

Civil Appeals No. 333 and 334 of 2024
AND
Civil Misc. Application No.2920 of 2024
[Stay application]

*Sunni Ittehad Council through its Chairman,
Faisalabad and another.*
(In both cases)

... Appellants

Versus

*Election Commission of Pakistan through its
Secretary, Islamabad and others.*
(In both cases)

... Respondents

AND

Civil Petitions No. 1612 to 1617 of 2024
AND
C.M.A. No.3554 of 2024 in CP NIL/2024
[For permission to file and argue]

*The Speaker Provincial Assembly of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa,
Peshawar and others.*
(In CPs.1612 to 1614/24)

*Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through Chief Secretary,
Peshawar and others.*
(In CPs.1615 to 1617/24)

Kanwal Shauzab.
(In CMA.3554/24)

...Petitioners/Applicant

Versus

Shazia Tehmas Khan and others.
(in CPs.1612 and 1616/24)

Aiman Jalil Jan and others.
(in CP. 1613 and 1617/24)

Mehr Sultana and others.
(in CPs.1614 and 1615/24)

*Election Commission of Pakistan, through its Secretary,
ECP House, Islamabad and others.*
(in CMA.3554/24)

... Respondents

In Civil Appeals
For the Appellants
(In both Appeals)

: Mr. Faisal Siddiqui, ASC
Assisted by Mr. Ammar Rafique, Adv.
a/w Mr. Ajmal Ghaffar Toor, ASC
Mr. Haider Bin Masud, Adv.
And Mr. Sahibzada M. Hamid Raza
(appellant)

For Respondent No. 1-ECP
(In both Appeals)

Mr. Sikandar Bashir Mohmand, ASC
Assisted by Mr. Abdullah Noor
And Hamza Azmat, Advocates
a/w Mr. M. Arshad, D.G (Law) ECP.
Ms. Saima Tariq Janjua, D.D. Law (ECP)

For PPPP
(In both Appeals)

Mr. Farooq H. Naek, Sr. ASC
Asstt. by Mr. Asad Mehmood Abbasi, ASC
Mr. Sheraz Shaukat Rajpar, Adv.
Syed Qaim Shah, Adv.

For PML(N)
(In CA. 333/24)

Mr. Haris Azmat, ASC.
Assisted by Ms. Faiza Asad, Adv.
Ch. Akhtar Ali, AOR.

For MQM
For Respondent No. 5
(In CA. 333/24)

Nemo.
Mr. M. Siddique Awan, ASC.

For Respondent No. 9
(In CA. 333/24)

Syed Rifaqat Hussain Shah, ASC/AOR.

For Respondent No. 11
(In CA. 333/24)

Mr. Kamran Murtaza, Sr. ASC

For Respondents No.
15 to 19, 21-22:
(In CA. 333/24)

Mr. M. Makhdoom Ali Khan, Sr. ASC.
Mr. Sarmad Hani, ASC.
Mr. Saad Mumtaz Hashmi, ASC
Asst. by Zarar Qadir Shoro, Adv
a/w Yawar Mukhtar, Adv.

For Respondent No. 20
(In CA. 333/24)

Mr. Zulfikar Khalid Maluka, ASC.

For Respondent No. 9
(In CA. 334/24)

Mr. M. Shahzad Shaukat, ASC.

In Civil Petitions

For the Petitioners
(In CPs.1612-1614/24)

For the Petitioners
(In CPs.1615-1617/24)

For Respondent No. 1
(In CPs.1612 & 1616/24)

For R-6(in CP 1612/24)
and For R-2 to 5 (in CP
1616/24)
For Respondent No.1 to 6
(In CP.1613 and 1617/24)

For Respondents No.1,2,3,
8
(In CP.1614/24)

For the Applicant
(In CMA. 3554/24)

On Court Notice:
For the Federation

For Govt. of Punjab

For Govt. of
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

For Govt. of Sindh

For Govt. of Balochistan :

Asstt. By Raza ur Rehman, Adv.

Mr. Asad Jan Durrani, ASC.
a/w
Malik Khawas, Asst. Law Officer, KPK
Assembly
Mr. Shah Faisal Utmankhail,
Advocate-General, KP.
Mr. Kausar Ali Shah, AAG, KPK
Mr. Zahid Yousaf, AOR
Mr. Amir Javed, ASC

Mr. Shah Khawar, ASC

Mr. Kamran Murtaza, Sr. ASC
Qari Abdul Rasheed, ASC

Mr. Imran Khan, ASC

Mr. Salman Akram Raja, ASC.

Assisted by:
Mr. Sameer Khosa, ASC
Malik Ghulam Sabir, Adv.
Ramsa Banuri, Samreen Qureshi, and
Hamad Amin advocates.

Mr. Mansoor Usman Awan,
Attorney-General for Pakistan.
(Assisted by: Ms. Maryam Ali Abbasi, Adv.)
a/w Malik Javed Iqbal Wains, AAGP
Raja M. Shafqat Abbasi, DAG
Ms. Maryam Rasheed, Adv
Mr. Khalid Ishaq,
Advocate-General, Punjab.
Mr. Sanaullah Zahid, Additional Advocate-
General, Punjab.

Mr. Shah Faisal Utmankhail, Advocate-
General, KP.
Mr. Shah Faisal Ilyas,
Additional Advocate-General, KP.
Mr. Miran Muhammad Shah, Addl. A.G.
Sindh (through video-link from Karachi)

Mr. Muhammad Asif Reki,
Advocate-General, Balochistan.
(Through video-link from Quetta)
Mr. M. Ayaz Swati, Addl. AG

Mr. Tahir Iqbal Khattak,
Additional Advocate-General, Balochistan.
(At Islamabad)

For ICT

Mr. Muhammad Ayyaz Shaukat, A.G.
Islamabad

Date of Hearing

09.07.2024

ORDER

Syed Mansoor Ali Shah, Munib Akhtar, Muhammad Ali Mazhar, Ayesha A. Malik, Athar Minallah, Syed Hasan Azhar Rizvi, Shahid Waheed and Irfan Saadat Khan, JJ.: For detailed reasons to be recorded later and subject to what is set out therein by way of amplification and/or explanation or otherwise, these appeals are decided in the following terms:

1. The impugned judgment dated 25.03.2024 of the learned Full Bench of the High Court is set aside to the extent it is or may be inconsistent with this Order or the detailed reasons.
2. The order of the Election Commission of Pakistan ("Commission") dated 01.03.2024 ("Impugned Order") is declared to be ultra vires the Constitution, without lawful authority and of no legal effect.
3. The notifications (of various dates) whereby the persons respectively mentioned therein (being the persons identified in the Commission's notification No.F.5(1)/2024-Cord. dated 13.05.2024) have been declared to be returned candidates for reserved seats for women and minorities in the National and Provincial Assemblies are declared to be ultra vires the Constitution, without lawful authority and of no legal effect, and are quashed from 06.05.2024 onwards, being the date an interim order was made by the Court in CPLA Nos. 1328-9 of 2024, the leave petitions out of which the instant appeals arise.
4. It is declared that the lack or denial of an election symbol does not in any manner affect the constitutional and legal rights of a political party to participate in an election (whether general or bye) and to field candidates and the Commission is under a constitutional duty to act, and construe and apply all statutory provisions, accordingly.

5. It is declared that for the purposes, and within the meaning, of paragraphs (d) and (e) of clause (6) of Article 51 ("Article 51 Provisions") and paragraph (c) of clause (3) of Article 106 ("Article 106 Provisions") of the Constitution, the Pakistan Tehreek e Insaf ("PTI") was and is a political party, which secured or won (the two terms being interchangeable) general seats in the National and Provincial Assemblies in the General Elections of 2024 as herein after provided.

6. During the course of the hearing of the instant appeals, on 27.06.2024, learned counsel for the Commission placed before the Court a list ("the List") of 80 returned candidates for the National Assembly (now MNAs), setting out in tabular form particulars relating to their election. Learned counsel made a categorical statement that the Commission stood by the data so provided to the Court. In particular, the List contained three columns marked as follows: (i) "Statement (on nomination form) given in declaration and oath by the person nominated (i.e., 'I belong to')"; (ii) "Certificate of party affiliation under Section 66 of the Elections Act, 2017"; and (iii) "Statutory Declaration/affidavit accompanying section 66 certificate".

7. In the peculiar facts and circumstances of the General Election of 2024, it is declared that out of the aforesaid 80 returned candidates (now MNAs) those (being 39 in all and whose particulars are set out in Annex A to this Order) in respect of whom the Commission has shown "PTI" in any one of the aforesaid columns in the List, were and are the returned candidates whose seats were and have been secured by the PTI within the meaning, and for purposes of, para 5 above in relation to the Article 51 Provisions.

8. In the peculiar facts and circumstances of the General Election of 2024, it is further ordered that any of the remaining 41 returned candidates out of the aforesaid 80 (whose particulars are set out in Annex B to this Order) may, within 15 working days of this Order file a statement duly signed and notarized stating that he or she contested the General Election as a candidate of the political party specified therein. If any such statement(s) is/are filed, the Commission shall forthwith but in any case within 7 days thereafter give notice to the political party concerned to file,

within 15 working days, a confirmation that the candidate contested the General Election as its candidate. A political party may in any case, at any time after the filing of a statement as aforesaid, of its own motion file its confirmation. If such a statement is filed, and is confirmed by the political party concerned, then the seat secured by such candidate shall be forthwith deemed to be a seat secured by that political party for the purposes of para 5 above in relation to the Article 51 Provisions. The Commission shall also forthwith issue, and post on its website, a list of the retuned candidates (now MNAs) and seats to which this para applies within 7 days after the last date on which a political party may file its confirmation and shall simultaneously file a compliance report in the Court.

9. For the purposes of para 5 of this Order in relation to the Article 51 Provisions, the number of general seats secured by PTI shall be the total of the seats declared in terms of para 7 and those, if any, to which para 8 applies. The PTI shall be entitled to reserved seats for women and minorities in the National Assembly accordingly. PTI shall, within 15 working days of this Order file its lists of candidates for the said reserved seats and the provisions of the Elections Act, 2017 ("Act") (including in particular s. 104) and the Elections Rules, 2017 ("Rules") shall be applied to such lists in such manner as gives effect to this Order in full measure. The Commission shall, out of the reserved seats for women and minorities in the National Assembly to which para 3 of this Order applies, notify as elected in terms of the Article 51 Provisions, that number of candidates from the lists filed (or, as the case may be, to be filed) by the PTI as is proportionate to the general seats secured by it in terms of paras 7 and 8 of this Order.

10. The foregoing paras shall apply mutatis mutandis for purposes of the Article 106 Provisions in relation to PTI (as set out in para 5 herein above) for the reserved seats for women and minorities in the Khyber Pakhtunkwa, Punjab and Sindh Provincial Assemblies to which para 3 of this Order applies. In case the Commission or PTI need any clarification or order so as to give effect to this para in full measure, it shall forthwith apply to the Court by making an appropriate application, which shall be put up before

the Judges constituting the majority in chambers for such orders and directions as may be deemed appropriate.

JUDGE

JUDGE

JUDGE

JUDGE

JUDGE

JUDGE

JUDGE

JUDGE

Islamabad, the
___ of July, 2024
Approved for reporting

Annexure-A

(Names of Candidates Affiliated with the Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf
as per the list verified from the data provided by ECP¹)

Sr. No.	Number and Name of the Constituency	Name of the Candidate
1.	NA-2 (Swat-I)	Amjad Ali Khan
2.	NA-3 (Swat-II)	Saleem Rehman
3.	NA-4 (Swat-III)	Sohail Sultan
4.	NA-6 (Lower Dir-I)	Muhammad Bashir Khan
5.	NA-7 (Lower Dir-II)	Mehboob Shah
6.	NA-9 (Malakand)	Junaid Akbar
7.	NA-17 (Abbottabad-II)	Ali Khan Jadoon
8.	NA-19 (Swabi-I)	Asad Qaiser
9.	NA-20 (Swabi-II)	Shahram Khan
10.	NA-21 (Mardan-I)	Mujahid Ali
11.	NA-24 (Charsadda-I)	Anwar Taj
12.	NA-25 (Charsadda-II)	Fazal Muhammad Khan
13.	NA-29 (Peshawar-II)	Arbab Amir Ayub
14.	NA-30 (Peshawar-III)	Shandana Gulzar Khan
15.	NA-31 (Peshawar-IV)	Sher Ali Arbab
16.	NA-32 (Peshawar-V)	Asif Khan
17.	NA-33 (Nowshera-I)	Syed Shah Ahad Ali Shah
18.	NA-38 (Karak)	Shahid Ahmad
19.	NA-39 (Bannu)	Nasim Ali Shah
20.	NA-41 (Lakki Marwat)	Sher Afzal Khan
21.	NA-83 (Sargodha-II)	Usama Ahmed Mela
22.	NA-84 (Sargodha-III)	Shafqat Abbas
23.	NA-95 (Faisalabad-I)	Ali Afzal Sahi
24.	NA-96 (Faisalabad-II)	Rai Haider Ali Khan
25.	NA-100 (Faisalabad-VI)	Nisar Ahmed
26.	NA-101 (Faisalabad-VII)	Rana Atif
27.	NA-102 (Faisalabad-VIII)	Changaze Ahmad Khan
28.	NA-103 (Faisalabad-IX)	Muhammad Ali Sarfraz
29.	NA-115 (Sheikhupura-III)	Khurram Shahzad Virk
30.	NA-122 (Lahore-VI)	Sardar Muhammad Latif Khan Khosa
31.	NA-143 (Sahiwal-III)	Rai Hassan Nawaz Khan
32.	NA-149 (Multan-II)	Malik Muhammad Aamir Dogar
33.	NA-150 (Multan-III)	Makhdoom Zain Hussain Qureshi
34.	NA-154 (Lodhran-I)	Rana Muhammad Faraz Noon
35.	NA-171 (Rahim Yar Khan-III)	Mumtaz Mustafa
36.	NA-179 (Kot Addu-I)	Muhammad Shabbir Ali Qureshi
37.	NA-181 (Layyah-I)	Umber Majeed
38.	NA-182 (Layyah-II)	Awais Haider Jakhar
39.	NA-185 (D.G. Khan-II)	Zartaj Gul

¹ CMA No.5924 of 2024 consists of Volume (I-VI).

Annexure-B
(Names of Independent Candidates)

Sr. No.	Number and Name of the Constituency	Name of the Candidate
1.	NA-1 (Chitral Upper-cum-Chitral Lower)	Abdul Latif
2.	NA-5 (Upper Dir)	Sahibzada Sibghatullah
3.	NA-13 (Battagram)	Muhammad Nawaz Khan
4.	NA-22 (Mardan-II)	Muhammad Atif
5.	NA-23 (Mardan-III)	Ali Muhammad
6.	NA-26 (Mohmand)	Sajid Khan
7.	NA-27 (Khyber)	Muhammad Iqbal Khan
8.	NA-34 (Nowshera-II)	Zulfiqar Ali
9.	NA-35 (Kohat)	Shehryar Afridi
10.	NA-36 (Hangu-cum-Orakzai)	Yousaf Khan
11.	NA-42 (South Waziristan Upper-cum-South Waziristan Lower)	Zubair Khan
12.	NA-66 (Wazirabad)	Mohammad Ahmed Chattha
13.	NA-67 (Hafizabad)	Aniqa Mehdi
14.	NA-68 (Mandi Bahauddin-I)	Haji Imtiaz Ahmed Choudhry
15.	NA-78 (Gujranwala-II)	Muhammad Mobeen Arif
16.	NA-79 (Gujranwala-III)	Ihsan Ullah Virk
17.	NA-181 (Gujranwala-V)	Ch. Bilal Ejaz
18.	NA-86 (Sargodha-V)	Muhammad Miqdad Ali Khan
19.	NA-89 (Mianwali-I)	Muhammad Jamal Ahsan Khan
20.	NA-90 (Mianwali-II)	Umair Khan Niazi
21.	NA-91 (Bhakkar-I)	M. Sana Ullah Khan Mastikhel
22.	NA-93 (Chiniot-I)	Ghulam Muhammad
23.	NA-97 (Faisalabad-III)	Muhammad Saad Ullah
24.	NA-99 (Faisalabad-V)	Umar Farooq
25.	NA-105 (Toba Tek Singh-I)	Usama Hamza
26.	NA-107 (Toba Tek Singh-III)	Mohammad Riaz Khan
27.	NA-108 (Jhang-I)	Muhammad Mahbob Sultan
28.	NA-109 (Jhang-II)	Waqas Akram
29.	NA-110 (Jhang-III)	Muhammad Ameer Sultan
30.	NA-111 (Nankana Sahib-I)	Muhammad Arshad Sahi
31.	NA-116 (Sheikhupura-IV)	Khurram Munawar Manj
32.	NA-129 (Lahore-XIII)	Mian Muhammad Azhar
33.	NA-133 (Kasur-III)	Azim Uddin Zahid
34.	NA-137 (Okara-III)	Syed Raza Ali Gillani
35.	NA-156 (Vehari-I)	Ayesha Nazir
36.	NA-170 (Rahim Yar Khan-II)	Mian Ghous Muhammad
37.	NA-172 (Rahim Yar Khan-IV)	Javaid Iqbal
38.	NA-175 (Muzaffargarh-I)	Jamshaid Ahmad
39.	NA-177 (Muzaffargarh-III)	Muhammad Moazzam Ali Khan
40.	NA-180 (Kot Addu-II)	Fiaz Hussain
41.	NA-183 (Taunsa)	Khawaja Sheraz Mehmood

YAHYA AFRIDI, J. - For reasons to be recorded later, Civil Appeals No. 333 & 334 of 2024, C.M.A. No. 2920 of 2024 in Civil Appeal No. 333 of 2024, Civil Petitions No. 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616 & 1617 of 2024 and C.M.A. No. 3554 of 2024 in C.P. Nil of 2024 are dismissed in terms that:

1. Sunni Ittehad Council does not fulfil the conditions prescribed for a political party under the enabling provisions of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan ("**Constitution**") and the law to be allowed/allocated reserved seats for women and non-Muslims in the National Assembly or the Provincial Assemblies.
2. Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf ("**PTI**") fulfils the conditions prescribed for a political party under the enabling provisions of the Constitution and the law to be allowed/allocated reserved seats for women and non-Muslims, in terms that:
 - i. A candidate for a seat in the National Assembly or the Provincial Assembly, who in his/her nomination paper has declared on oath to belong to PTI and duly submitted a certificate of the same political party confirming that he/she is the nominated candidate of PTI for the respective constituency, shall remain so, and cannot be declared independent, unless he/she submitted a written declaration to the Election Commission of Pakistan or Returning Officer to be treated as the candidate of another political party or as an independent candidate;
 - ii. A returned candidate to the National Assembly or the Provincial Assembly, who in his/her nomination paper has declared on oath to belong to PTI and duly submitted a certificate of the same political party confirming that he/she is the nominated candidate of PTI for the respective constituency, shall remain so, and this consistent position maintained by a returned candidate throughout the electoral process should be legally recognized by the Election Commission of Pakistan and such returned candidate cannot be treated as the returned candidate of another political party or as an independent returned candidate, and thus, the

reserved seats for women and non-Muslims are to be allowed/allocated to PTI, accordingly;

- iii. A candidate nominated by PTI for a constituency of the National Assembly or the Provincial Assembly who, after being declared returned, joined another political party or sought to be treated as independent, raises serious concerns about disregarding the trust reposed in him/her by the voters, thus undermining the *will of the people*; and
 - iv. The legal implications, effects and consequences of the determinations made above in paragraphs 2(ii) and 2(iii), as well as the actions or inactions of the Election Commission of Pakistan thereon, although deeply concerning, have not been challenged in the present appeals and petitions; and the persons who would be affected or aggrieved are not parties before this Court. Therefore, issuing definitive directions to the Election Commission of Pakistan qua the allocation of specific number of reserved seats for women and non-Muslims to a political party in the National Assembly and the Provincial Assemblies would not be legally appropriate.
3. Accordingly, the Election Commission of Pakistan is directed to decide the allocation of reserved seats for women and non-Muslims to political parties in the National Assembly and the Provincial Assemblies in the light of the determinations made hereinabove after providing an opportunity of hearing to the parties concerned, and if required revisit its earlier decisions on the matter. The needful be done within seven days of the receipt of this order.

Judge

Islamabad

Arif

Order
in
Civil Appeal No.333/2024, Civil Miscellaneous Application
No.2920/2024 in Civil Appeal No.333/2024, Civil Appeal
No.334/2024, Civil Petition Nos.1612 to 1617/2024 and Civil
Miscellaneous Application No.3554/2024 in Civil Petition
Nil/2024.

Sunni Ittehad Council through its Chairman,
Faisalabad and othersAppellants/
Petitioners

Versus

Election Commission of Pakistan through its
Secretary, Islamabad and others Respondents

Justice Amin-ud-Din Khan
Justice Naeem Akhtar Afghan

For reasons to be recorded later, we dismiss the appeals, petition
as well as CMAs and the judgment of the Peshawar High Court is upheld.

Judge

Judge

Islamabad:
12th July, 2024.

Order of the Court

By a majority of 8 (comprising Syed Mansoor Ali Shah, Munib Akhtar, Muhammad Ali Mazhar, Ayesha A. Malik, Athar Minallah, Syed Hasan Azhar Rizvi, Shahid Waheed and Irfan Saadat Khan, JJ) the instant appeals are decided in terms of the short order of the majority of even date (and the other petitions including leave petitions and C.M.As are decided accordingly).

I agree with the short order authored by Justice Jamal Khan Mandokhail.

Justice Qazi Faez Isa, CJ.

Justice Syed Mansoor Ali Shah, J.

Justice Munib Akhtar, J.

With utmost respect I differ. My short order is appended herewith.

Justice Yahya Afridi, J.

I have attached my separate short order dismissing all the appeals, petitions and applications and uphold the impugned judgment of the Peshawar H.C.

Justice Amin-ud-Din Khan, J.

I have appended my separate order.

Justice Jamal Khan Mandokhail, J.

Justice Muhammad Ali Mazhar, J.

Justice Ayesha A. Malik, J.

Justice Athar Minallah, J.

Justice Syed Hasan Azhar Rizvi, J.

Justice Shahid Waheed, J.

Justice Irfan Saadat Khan, J.

I agree with the short order passed by J. Amin-ud-Din Khan.

Justice Naeem Akhtar Afghan, J.

Announced.

Islamabad,

12 July, 2024.

Approved for reporting.